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THE DESIGN ISSUE

The Bouroullec Brothers + Pleyel's Piano Forte + Seats for the Seats of Power



THE BROTHERS THE BROTHERS

An intimate encounter with the very private duo that has rocked the design world—just in time for their first retrospective at the Centre Pompidou-Metz.

BY AMY SERAFIN



Algues 2004, Vitra The poster for "Bivouac" fea-Functioning as a room divider tures a collage of or wall hanging, three Bouroullec instant-classics: "Algues" reflects their "Clouds" the Bouroullecs' predilection partition for Kvadrat (2008). for designs that "Piani" lamp for can be custom-Flos (2011) ized by the buyer. Inspired and "Losanges" rug for Nanimarby seaweed, the product features quina (2011). branch-like components that can be snapped together and

assembled into an infinite variety of forms.

t is characteristic of RONAN and ERWAN Bouroullec that they consider "Bivouac," their career retrospective at the Centre Pompidou-Metz, an opportunity to look ahead, not back. The brothers have been pushing design into the future for more than a decade. "We don't really see it as a retrospective," explains Erwan at their Belleville atelier, surrounded by prototypes and drawings. "We've reached a point in our careers where we have a certain maturity, but as a result, we also have more doubt. We want to do more and do better."

Opening October 7 and running through July 30, this is the Bouroullecs' first major museum exhibition in France, though they have been celebrated abroad, notably at the Design Museum in London, the Museum of Contemporary Art in Los Angeles and the Boijmans Van Beuningen in Rotterdam. Their works have been acquired by such prestigious institutions as the Museum of Modern Art and the Centre Pompidou as well as by François Pinault, Karl Lagerfeld and other private collectors. They are often called the most important French designers since Philippe Starck, though they differ from him in style and self-promotion. Whereas Starck has designed everything from toilet brushes to catamarans in a manner that is self-knowingly witty and demanding of attention, the Bouroullecs' creations are subtle, stripped to their essentials and quietly poetic.

The show in Metz is their biggest yet. Occupying more than 12,000 square feet, it comprises nearly all the brothers' creations going back to 1998. Laurent Le Bon, the director of the museum, has been planning this exhibit since he wrote a book about Ronan and Erwan nearly a decade ago, when he was a young curator. "I fell in love with their work," he explains. "I thought then that if I ever had the chance to head an institution, I would do an exhibition with them." He compares visiting the show to walking through an enchanted forest and coming across clearings, each a universe unto itself.

The brothers, who famously control every aspect of what they do, organized the exhibition by ambiance rather than chronology, separating it with their signature partitions such as plastic "seaweed,"

foam-and-fabric "clouds" and a wall of multicolored textile tiles. Hung on a wall 100 feet long and 13 feet high are 280 of their drawings, a combination of project studies and sketches they have done just for pleasure. They named the show "Bivouac" in reference to the versatile, modular nature of much of their work, and how their furnishings tend to provide shelter or reorganize a space.

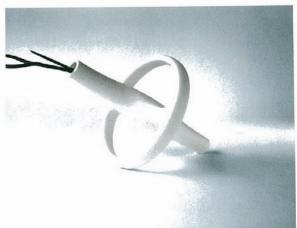
It can be difficult to tell the brothers apart—both are pale and often unshaven, with reddish hair and intense blue eyes. Most of the time they can be found in their three-story atelier, discussing ideas, taking photographs, building prototypes. According to Erwan, "We may have achieved a certain level of public recognition, but we don't live like rock stars. We work pretty much all the time, traveling less than other designers and participating in fewer events." And while both have scaled back to regular office hours since starting families, they admit they are still always working in their heads.

They are also extremely private, rarely agreeing to interviews and, when they do, avoiding questions about their personal lives. Ronan, the elder and shyer of the two, picks up a felt-tip pen and sketches throughout our conversation. He admits to being a control freak: "It comes from our age difference, the fact that I'm the big brother," he explains. "I need to see everything, to correct every detail." Erwan, 35, is more at ease, leaning back in his chair and smoking Marlboro Lights while he philosophizes. His interests run from Kurt Cobain to the pared-down sculptures of artist Donald Judd and the film 2001: A Space Odyssey. Both would rather read books about



V AND BOTTOM: 2007, Vitra table armchair was created g a precisely shaped knit veight metal frame like a 997, Cappellini down purity of this arbonate vase typifies lecs' aesthetic.







↓↓↓ CENTER, BELOW AND BOTTOM:

Ploum 2011, Ligne Roset
Inspired by the comfort of Ligne Roset's iconic "Togo" sofa, the award-winning Ploum is constructed like a "sandwich" of fabric and foam.

Joyn Hut 2004, Vitra

Conceived to meet the needs of the contemporary office, this is one element of a flexible system that allows team members

to configure their own spaces.

Assemblage 3 2004, Prototype, Galerie Kreo This multipurpose piece is part of a series that explores the creation of "atmospheres" for objects on display.





RIGHT, BELOW AND BOTTOM:
Osso chair 2011, Mattiazzi
Efforts to build with solid wood while
minimizing waste gave rise to this oak,
maple and ash chair, created using solarpowered, digitally controlled equipment.
Lit Clos 2000, Limited Edition, Galerie Kreo
A nod to the traditional raised beds of
the Bouroullecs' native Brittany, the "Lit
Clos" carves out a private sleeping area
for people who live and work in the same
open-plan space.



"That we agree, that's the major principle of our work. We want to find an ideal solution together, not compromise with one another."



They claim there is no hierarchy, and they sign everything jointly. "That we agree, that's the major principle of our work," says Ronan. "We want to find an ideal solution together, not compromise with one another." They do argue, of course, like most siblings—though less than press reports would have you believe, says Anniina Koivu. A former journalist, she spent a great deal of time with the brothers while writing the text for the new Phaidon monograph about them, due out in the spring (the previous one dates from 2003). "The public perception is that they fight all the time," she laughs. "I've seen them annoyed by one another, but I've never seen any fighting."

Growing up in Brittany, their age difference was too great for them to share friends or even go to the same schools together. They both started drawing as children, and their parents—neither of whom came from an arts background—were perceptive enough to enroll them in a Wednesday class at the local art academy. Ronan wasn't academically inclined, so he went to a high school that emphasized applied arts. "I had always hated school, but there I found the jumping-off point for a passion that never ended," he recalls. After graduation he moved to Paris and enrolled at the Ecole Nationale Supérieure des Arts Décoratifs.

Erwan, an excellent student, received his baccalaureate in science, then followed his brother to Paris to study fine arts. When Ronan started working, his younger brother helped out, and their transition to partnership sometime in 1999 came so naturally that neither one can recall the moment they became a design team. As Erwan describes it, "Before that, we lived together and did stuff together. Then later, there was a moment when we began creating a common body of work. It is fundamentally different and has linked us in a very particular way. We are interdependent, which is great and at the same time uncomfortable, psychologically speaking. Because the time comes when you ask yourself about genetics, stuff like that. You

wonder, 'Am I worth anything alone?'"

Ronan had more of a chance to find that out, given that he started out on his own and quickly drew attention in his field. At the 1997 Salon du Meuble in Paris, he showed his "Disintegrated Kitchen," a basic wood and aluminum frame that could be customized by adding drawers, shelves and other elements. It caught the eye of Giulio Cappellini, whose eponymous design company was

one of the most influential players of the late 20th century. "I fell in love with that beautiful product," recalls Cappellini in his rich Italian accent. "I told the people at the fair that I wanted to meet the designer. Someone said, 'Yes, he's here, we will call him.' I waited five minutes, 10 minutes, and nobody appeared. Finally I asked again, and was told he was out back because when he found out that Giulio Cappellini wanted to speak with him, he got very nervous. So I went to see him, and there he was in the back of the booth, smoking."

When asked for his version of the story, Ronan doesn't remember hiding—though he blushingly admits it could have happened—but he does remember that a journalist who was with Cappellini told him his life had just changed. "It was the type of comment that sounds ridiculous but actually was true," he remarks. Being part of Cappellini, he says, was the equivalent of playing for a major soccer team and propelled him to a whole new level.



S THAT UNCONVENTIONAL KITCHEN illustrated, the Bouroullecs introduced a brand-new idea of design. They were looking not simply to make better-looking chairs but entirely new categories of furniture. Influenced by no one, they began with a fresh slate, ultimately modifying the way people live and work.

"We really started out just the two of us. So we are, in a way, selftaught," says Erwan. "Since we tinker around ourselves, we find our own solutions, trying to learn as much as possible in the process. We are always trying

out an idea, revisiting it, building and rebuilding prototypes. It's an extremely rigorous approach mixed with a certain inexperience. I think it is that combination that led us to the major discoveries in our work, like partitioning space."

Early on they were asked to create the design for an exhibition, and they set out to do the simplest project possible: something with standard parts, easy

to assemble and adaptable. They laser-cut elements out of polystyrene, creating forms that could be infinitely repeated and stacked to fit any interior. Afterwards, Cappellini marketed them as shelving components called "Brick." The brothers would return to this concept again and again-massproduced, three-dimensional components that could be assembled according to the user's whim. "Algues," for instance, consists of plastic elements that snap together into textured partitions resembling seaweed. Vitra has sold 4 million units since launching production in 2004.

In 2000, the brothers were invited to enter a competition to design the interior of Issey Mi-

yake's new A-POC boutique in the Marais. The Japanese clothing designer selected their application, then gave them three weeks to come up with a project and present it to him in Tokyo. Ronan had to be in Milan for a furniture fair, so Erwan went to see Miyake alone. "I had never been to Japan, had never made a long plane trip like that," recalls Erwan. "I presented the project to Mr. Miyake. He said 'Yes, that's good.' But he must have seen me as so young. I wasn't even sure who he was. Well, I knew he was important, but not much more."

Contacted in Tokyo, Miyake explains that he chose the young designers because of a simple white bud vase they had created. "I recognized the values that have always guided me: purity, essentiality, innovation," he responds. "But the Bouroullec brothers are also about experimentation, equilibrium, the work of the human hand disappearing behind the obviousness of a creation."



Just as construction on the Paris store was about to start, Miyake came to town and stopped by the site. As Erwan tells it, "He came with 30 other people, but he had completely forgotten what the project looked like. He saw the prototype of our design elements and said, 'You're not going to put this everywhere?' Then he saw a bit of old tile on the floor and said, 'I hope you're keeping that tile, it's beautiful. And we need a hole to let light into the basement.' In front of everyone I answered 'No, Mr. Miyake, it's not possible what you're saying. The project isn't that, you're wrong.' My brother was kicking me, trying to shut me up, and Mr. Miyake said, 'This store is not yours, it's mine.' And he left, bam." A few hours later and more refreshed after his long flight, Miyake called them into his office and reiterated his approval of their project. The brothers' stubborn belief in their ideas and their resistance to



то воттом: Alcove loveseat 2007, Vitra The brothers' fascination with enclosed spaces is reflected in their "Alcove" collection of chairs and sofas; high backs and sides create an intimate nest. Pebbles 2008. Tectona Designed for outdoors, the concave disks comprising the woven-resin "Pebble" collection blend naturally into the

e served them then, lone so ever since. to Miyake's A-POC where the wearer of cloth to fit her Souroullecs' furniture e customized by the "Zip" carpet has difred strips that can be any sequence, their

Money doesn't drive them. Last year they spent much of their time developing a small wooden chair for a family-owned company that specializes in high-quality craftsmanship.

hair" has an adjustable headrest like a car's, and their ice system allows for a myriad of workplace configuranes," one of their more recent creations for the Galerie ighting system that lets the user slide spotlights vertically tally along leather-sheathed cords. (The Italian lighting los is now producing an industrial version.)

others started collaborating with Kreo, Didier and Krzentowski's gallery devoted to design exploration, soon ned in 1999. It offered the perfect playground, allowing sign without industrial constraints. "Everything they do is Didier Krzentowski. "From the beginning, their signature

was different from anything on the market. They were already thinking in terms of 'architecturing' interiors with creations like little houses." Their first exhibition for the gallery, in 2001, included "Cabane," wool-covered strips woven together to resemble an open hut large enough to shelter a chair and a sofa, and "Parasol Lumineux," an oversized square lamp that looks like a beach umbrella. Many of these designs seem less revolutionary today than when the Bouroullecs created them, simply because they've since been so widely emulated.

In 2002, the gallery produced the limited-edition "Lit Clos," a semi-enclosed bed raised on four legs like a tree house. It is one of several creations that obliquely reference their childhood in

Brittany—the traditional Breton bed is a raised wooden box. Made of painted plywood, steel and aluminum, it can be put together and taken apart as easily as IKEA furniture. But the similarity ends there: In 2006, a "Lit Clos" sold at auction in New York for \$96,000.

HE DUO WORKS WITH A HANDFUL OF companies and turns down many others. Their freedom is non-negotiable; they take their time and do only what they want. One reason they can stay independent is that they have a small atelier with no more than seven employees. Another is that they generally refuse interior decoration projects. Instead they create objects that generate a constant stream of income through royalties. But money doesn't drive them. Last year they chose to spend much of their time developing a small wooden chair, "Osso," for Mattiazzi, a family-owned Italian company that specializes in high-quality craftsmanship. "Financially this probably wasn't the most intelligent choice, but being a small operation, we have the flexibility to tackle projects that interest us, and to do it in an obsessive way," says Ronan.

"Many designers have a Coca-Cola policy. The Bouroullecs are more Dom Pérignon or Krug." So says Michel Roset, co-owner of Ligne Roset, a family-run multinational and the only French company the brothers currently count among their clients. This fall, Roset's company is releasing "Ploum," a quilted settee that took more than a year of research. The idea for it occurred one day when Roset and the brothers were talking about the "Togo" sofa by Michel Ducaroy, a company bestseller for the past 30 years. "They decided they'd like to make the equivalent of "Togo' for the 21st century," recalls Roset.

One of Togo's most attractive features is its extreme comfort, so the Bouroullecs knew they would have to make a couch you would never want to climb out of. The cover is a single piece of fabric—thick, quilted and elastic in two directions. The foam underneath is remarkably soft yet resilient, springing back when you stand up. Together they form a complicated sandwich nearly a foot thick. "When you sit on the couch, you're really in a kind of nest," says Roset. Because it's one piece, the couch moves with you whenever you change position. Aesthetically, the brothers compare it to a piece of ripe fruit, and indeed the red one looks like an overgrown strawberry. Earlier this year, "Ploum" won a red dot award, an honor reserved for "the best of the best" in product design.

The last time they received this prestigious award was in 2008, for "Worknest," an ingenious office chair for Vitra. The Swiss brand is their most important industrial collaborator, the rare company that encourages innovation without imposing briefs or deadlines. Vitra's CEO, Rolf Fehlbaum, caught wind of "Disintegrated Kitchen" in the late 1990s and subsequently hired the brothers to design an office system, something they had never done before. They experimented for a good two years before releasing "Joyn" in 2002. At the heart of "Joyn" is a communal table, much like a farm table. It's a blank slate where each individual in the group can customize his space with





dividers, pencil holders, a tray for coffee and so on.

"Joyn" sold extremely well and led to "Alcove" in 2007, a sofa with an extra-high back and sides. While "Joyn" permitted an office full of people to work together without getting on each other's nerves, "Alcove" gave them a place to retreat to when they needed to be alone. According to Anniina Koivu, the one-time journalist who now works as PR Director for Vitra, "This idea of creating a room-withina-room with a sofa, that was a huge innovation in the market. Of course now we see many similar sofas and boxes and lounges and islands; they've become rather common. But it was 'Alcove' that triggered that." The piece has become one of the brothers' all-time best-sellers. Even Erwan, who (like his brother) lives with little of his own furniture, has an "Alcove" sofa at home.

Their next important undertaking will be at the Château de Versailles, where they recently won a competition to design lighting for the Escalier Gabriel, a staircase whose construction was interrupted in the 18th century and completed in 1985. Their first sketches are due this fall. But this project poses a whole new set of challenges for them. As Erwan explains, "We like the idea that design is something that's not anchored somewhere, that it can go anywhere, that you don't know what it will become. That gives us the freedom to fantasize and experiment. But Versailles ... that's something else. Versailles is going to be around for a long time."

And so, of course, will they.

"Ronan & Erwan Bouroullec, Bivouac" runs from October 7, 2011, through July 30, 2012, at the Centre Pompidou-Metz, 1 parvis des Droits-de-l'Homme, Metz. Tel. 33/3-87-15-39-39; centrepompidou-metz.fr. An iPad app to accompany the exhibition is in the works; possible successive venues are currently being discussed.